

## FINE DOGS DIE OF THE RABIES

Splendid Gordon Setters Have to Be Killed.

### THE EPISCOPAL CONVOCATION

The Next Meeting Will Be Held in Petersburg—George Webster, a Bridge Builder, Falls Twenty-Six Feet on a Rock-Pile.

PETERSBURG, VA., Nov. 4.—Special.—A few days ago Mr. Lucius Robertson, of this city, was the owner of two fine Gordon setters. Their match for beauty and intelligence would have been hard to find in this State. The senior of the two, "Old Ned," was a great favorite, and perhaps, no finer dog ever entered the field in these parts. Whether hunting quail or turkey "Old Ned" was a king among dogs. But, alas! while the master was on a visit to his friend, Mr. A. O. Bracey, of Mecklenburg county, last week, after a day's hunt in which eleven fine turkeys were killed, the younger dog began to behave very strangely; from being a remarkably amiable creature he suddenly changed and showed a disposition to attack with great fierceness all dogs and cats in reach. Still the dog would not obey his master's command, and this fact for a while prevented any suspicion of the rabies. But the disease developed rapidly, so that on the second day (including a physician) declared that it could be nothing else. The dog was permitted to die of the disease. Then "Old Ned" and two line dogs owned by Mr. Bracey, which had been bitten by the affected dog were killed.

**THE TUESDAY CLUB.**  
The regular weekly meeting of the Tuesday Club will be held on next Tuesday evening. An interesting programme has been prepared for the occasion. In addition to the programme, officers for the ensuing term will be elected.

### COMFORTING.



There is some consolation in feeling that, even though you haven't a cent in your pocket, you are still popular among your friends on the Rialto.

The Petersburg Episcopal Convocation met in the Church of the Good Shepherd, Sun's Hill, in Dinwiddie county, last Tuesday evening. The Convocation sermon was preached on Wednesday morning by the Rev. H. L. Derby, of Petersburg, and the Holy Communion was administered.

Addresses were delivered at the Missionary meeting by the Rev. John Ridout, Petersburg, Dean, Mr. Thomas F. Rivers, of Dinwiddie county, Treasurer; and the Rev. Frank Meek, of Bath Parish, Dinwiddie county, Secretary. The next meeting of the Convocation will be held in Petersburg.

**OFFICERS ELECTED.**  
The annual election of officers resulted as follows: Rev. O. S. Dean, of Petersburg, Dean; Mr. Thomas F. Rivers, of Dinwiddie county, Treasurer; and the Rev. Frank Meek, of Bath Parish, Dinwiddie county, Secretary. The next meeting of the Convocation will be held in Petersburg.

A meeting of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew was held Wednesday night, and addresses were delivered by several of the visiting clergy. The congregations were very large, except on Tuesday, when a hard rain interfered, but the interest in the meetings were marked.

Geo. Webster, a bridge builder, while walking across a trestle on the Richmond, Petersburg and Carolina railroad, near Nottoway river, this morning slipped and fell from the trestle to the ground below, a distance of about twenty-six feet, striking on a pile of rocks. Webster, who was very seriously injured, was brought to Petersburg and taken to the Home for the Sick for treatment.

The delegates from the Petersburg chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy to the Grand Chapter, which meets in Richmond next Tuesday are Mrs. R. L. Moudie, and Miss Ida Lowmes.

Mr. A. T. Stewart and Captain T. S. Leonard, of Dinwiddie county, were in the city to-day.

The delegates from the Second Baptist church in this city to the General Baptist Association, which meets in Richmond this month, will be appointed to-morrow.

The delegates of the other Baptist churches here have already been appointed.

### THE NEGRO EXHIBIT.

Thomas J. Calloway Has Already Begun Work Upon It.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Thomas J. Calloway, who has just been appointed by Commissioner-General Peck a special commissioner to the Paris Exposition for the purpose of preparing and managing a Negro exhibit, has already begun his work and will start in a few days upon a tour of collection of the exhibits. He has given out the following outline of the plans:

The Negro exhibit, as its name indicates, is to show, as far as possible, the actual status of the colored people as shown in the homes, schools, farms, stores, churches, professions, and other pursuits. The amount of space is limited, but sufficient to prove the negro's value as a laborer, a producer, a citizen. By contrasting views of mud chimney cabins with well appointed homes, crude log school houses with commodious school buildings, etc., the past and present condition of the race will be shown in a way to remove all doubt of the rapid progress being made.

### Changes in College Presidencies.

A private telegram received here last evening stated that Mr. William L. Fraher, formerly a practicing lawyer at Waco, Tex., had been selected president of the University of Texas, located at Austin, and given ten days in which to make a decision as to his acceptance. He was elected to succeed President George Taylor Winston, who has accepted the presidency of the Agricultural and Mechanical College of North Carolina, at Raleigh. Both of these gentlemen are well known in Richmond.

## A. HUTZLER'S SONS

315 East Broad Street.

We sell to those who buy the best. We compete with those who sell the lowest.

**Silks and Satins.**  
Intending purchasers of Silks in any of the popular styles will find that we are showing the best grades at the prices. Solid Color Taffetas, all the new shades, in heavy soft-finish, at 65c. Corded-Stripe Taffetas at 75c. Soft-Finish Corded Satins at \$1. All-Silk Black Brocade Satin, 75c. value, at \$1. All-Silk Black Satin Duchess, 27-inch width, at \$1. All-Silk Black Satin Duchess, 10-inch width, at 75c. 10-inch All-Silk Black Taffeta at 50c. 10-inch Black Silk Bengaline at \$1. 19-inch Black and Colored Silk Poplins at \$1. Super Weight and Finish 27-inch Black Duchess, \$1.50. 10-inch Black Silk Velvets at 75c. \$1. 32-inch Black Dress Velvet, a \$5 quality, at \$3.92 1/2.

**Black and Colored Dress Goods.**  
RELIABLE MAKES AND SELECTED STYLES.  
44-inch Black All-Wool Cheviot at 50c. 44-inch Black All-Wool Cheviot at 75c. 50-inch Black All-Wool Camel's-Hair at \$1.00. 20-inch Black Hosiery at 75c. 42-inch Black Crepons at 50c. \$1. and \$1.50. Silk-Face Crepons at \$2.50. 56-inch Clay Diagonal Worsteds at \$1.50 and \$2. Colored Hosiery at 50c. 75c. and \$1. Hosiery Blanks at 75c. \$1. and \$1.50. 36-inch Black and Colored All-Wool Suits at 25c. 36-inch All-Wool Plaids, extra value at 25c.

**Housefurnishing Goods**  
owned by us at correct prices, because selected with great care at a time when values were not being maintained. Full-Size White Counterpanes at 75c. Ready-Made Sheets at less than present price of materials—9-4 at 45c., 10-4 at 50c. Pillow-Cases at 5c., 10c., 12c. and 15c. White Cotton Blankets at 50c., 75c., \$1. Wool-Mixed Blankets, \$1.50, \$2, \$2.50. Old Dominion Blankets, made especially for us of Selected Virginia Wool, at a Virginia mill—10-4 at \$3.33, 11-4 at \$3.90, 12-4 at \$4.44. We recommend these Blankets to the most exacting purchaser.  
New line of Derby and Damask Portieres, from \$2 to \$8.50 per pair; Silk Portieres at \$15 and \$25.  
Nottingham, Point d'Esprit, Brussels, Tambour, and Irish Point Curtains, from 60c. to \$22 per pair.  
We sell Comforts made with laminated cotton at \$1 and upward; Shoddy-Filled Comforts as low as 50c.

**Are You Looking for Rugs?**  
We are showing them in all sizes from the Small Mat Size at 50c. up to the size large enough to cover a good-size room. Our latest receipts are among the handsomest of the season, and the prices sufficiently attractive to become interesting.

**Carpets!**  
Perhaps an Ingrain, if so, All-Wool at 75c.; Cotton Warp, 35c.; Unions at 25c.; Tapestry Brussels at 50c., 60c. and 75c.; Velvets at \$1—the choicest patterns, selected from Stinson's and Sloan's makes, and embracing a sufficiently varied line to compete with any house in the State.  
Matting of advanced styles, the very latest to be introduced this season. About 25 new patterns of Heavy China matting, woven of the glass-fine straw now so much in demand. Prices: 17, 20, 22, 25, 28, and 30c.  
Linoleums and Oil-Cloths.

**Furs**  
of best material and careful finish. We invite an inspection of the stock in hand.

A. Hutzler's Sons, 315 E. Broad St.

## A NEW TREATY WITH GERMANY

(Continued from First Page)

ment at the fact that His Majesty personally conceived and pushed the plan, while Prince Hohenlohe's consent was only obtained later, and that the Bunderath and Prussian Cabinet have not yet been consulted. However, the chances of a bill embodying the plan which, the correspondent learns, will reach the Reichstag before the end of the year, are increasing. Even part of the Freisinniges seem willing to vote for the increase if strong reasons for it are given. The Virginia Wool project served the policy indicated last week. All sorts of popular manifestations in favor of the bill are being arranged in order to influence opinion.

### REASONS FOR INCREASE.

The government, through Herr Krupp's organ, the semi-official Politischen Nachrichten, gives among the reasons for the contemplated increase the advent of the United States as a new Weltmacht, the co-operation of Great Britain and the United States in Samoa and the war in South Africa, which has had much to do with the conception of the plan. The article says:

"Recent increase of power by two great nations toward a weaker, the sudden growth of some navies, the prevention of intervention of European Powers in favor of a weaker by the aid of enormous sea power of one nation and the impossibility of European interference when America took not only the United States but also the Asiatic possessions of Spain, are sufficient reasons for a much larger German navy."

The article is of special interest, because it was inspired, and seems to be an admission of what official Germany has all along denied, viz.: The existence of a strong desire to interfere with the United States last year and with Great Britain this year, which was only curbed by the potent consideration that Germany did not have a navy large enough to carry out her desire.

The news of the British reverses and losses has been a great incentive in Germany, and less demonstrations of joy than might have been expected from previous expressions. The mistakes and shortcomings of the British preparations are pointed out with much vigor by the press strategists and military writers, but the other newspapers comment on the week's events fairly.

### Howitzers Inspection.

On next Tuesday night the Howitzers will have a full-dress inspection of the battery at their armory, on Eighth street. There will also be the presentation of the attendance medal for the last year, and afterwards music and dancing.

### The President Will Vote.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The President will go to Ohio to vote. He will leave here on Monday evening, arriving in Canton about noon, and probably will leave Canton for the return journey the same evening, reaching Washington Wednesday noon.

## Clogged Bowels

interfere with the action of every organ of the body. Constipation brings headaches, belching, nervousness, insomnia, biliousness, dyspepsia and liver and kidney troubles. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters cures these and is the best friend the human stomach has, and if yours is weak, don't fail to give it a trial. It will cure you. See a PRIVATE REVENUE STAMP covers the neck of the bottle.

Don't be Deceived—Get Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.

### CRAIG'S FIRE PROOF VAULT.

New Sentiments Put to an Old Air.

NEWCASTLE, VA., 4.—Special.—The Board of Supervisors of Craig county met in session to-day at the court-house to discuss the new vault lately built by Colonel John C. McDonald. It is a fire-proof vault, of the most approved design, and while it has not yet dried out sufficiently to admit of transferring the records to it, the discussion of the subject of furniture for it had called this meeting. Several men are here representing the different manufacturers of safes and time-locks, with which the new vault will be equipped.

This is considered a distinct triumph over the ancient order of things in the county. Craig is not a wealthy county. The majority of her citizens are independent, but it takes little to make the primitive man independent. For instance, a man with a tattered coat, a love of the chase, and an old army flint-lock may be an independent citizen where game from the wild wood pigeon to the lean, brown, corn-field bear, from the red-watered gobbler of a broiled flock of wild turkeys to the velvet antlered leader of a dozen fine deer, are as plentiful as black crows, and where, indeed, a white deer and a white crow are said to be left unshot by hunters as the Craig mountain mascot!

But all her citizens are not, by any means, so independent. Some of them have the care of great herds of fat cattle and fine, sleek horses, and rolling wheat lands, and Cotswold sheep.

Craig never had many negroes, or, if she did, they went away with that drove which General Hunter took with him after "playing the devil" in the Valley!

And that brings me back to my prime object in writing this letter—to tell of the old Craig records, deeds, and county papers, which are not here to take their honorable places in the new vault. They were destroyed by a section of Hunter's army, perhaps the tail end of it, which had gotten stranded here after General Jubal Early drove them back from Salem.

I think General Averill was in command, and the old clerk's office was rifled after all the feather beds had been ripped open for hidden spoons, and everything in town upset for secret pockets—bayonets being the implements used in these vain searches.

Then the town papers were turned into the streets, many burned in the courthouse yard. One book, however, is here

changed since that time: It was originally 24.75 grains, but it was reduced by the act of June 15th, 1834, to 23.22 grains of fine gold. The coinage ratio in 1792 was 15 to 1 (that is, 15 grains of silver was equal to 1 grain of gold); but the act of 1834 and 1837 changed the ratio first to 16.02 to 1, and then to the present coinage ratio of 15.88 (commonly called 16 to 1), which has remained the coinage ratio between the two money metals ever since 1837.—Burton T. Doyle in Leslie's Weekly.

**Schley's Barber Paralyzed.**  
Dan Schley, who was barber for Admiral Schley on board ship years ago, but who has for some time been a resident of this city, where he has spent most of his time either in the luncheon or jail, on account of his reason for drink, has been paralyzed at the latter place.

**Gave a Cution.**  
A cution will be given by Miss Alice LeFebvre on Tuesday evening, November 7th, at 8 o'clock P. M., in the dancing hall on Floyd avenue.

**DOES THE WORK.**  
No Surgical Operation, No Pain, Trifling Expense, A Simple, Harmless Remedy, but It Does the Work.

There are some people who have piles as frequently and regularly as they have colds.

Any little bowel trouble will bring them on, any extra exertion, as in lifting, will produce them, and in fact will often appear without any apparent provocation. Piles, however, are much more serious than a cold, as the tendency is always to grow worse until the trouble becomes deep seated and chronic, or develops into some fatal rectal disease.

While there are many pile remedies which give relief, yet there is but one which not only gives instant relief but at the same time makes a permanent cure, and that is the well known Pyramid Pile Cure.

This remedy is composed of simple, harmless vegetable ingredients, but combined so effectively and act so promptly and thoroughly that it cures every form of piles, whether itching, blind, bleeding or protruding.

In long standing cases the Pyramid Pile Cure has proven to be the only cure, and the advantages over an operation are many, as it is painless, causes no delay or interference with daily occupation, and last but not least, it is cheaper than any surgical operation could possibly be.

The cases that the Pyramid Pile Cure will not reach are so few that physicians are depending upon this cheap but effective remedy to accomplish a complete cure, and it never disappoints except in cases beyond the reach of medical skill.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is prepared by the Pyramid Drug Co., of Marshall, Mich. and for sale by druggists everywhere at 25c. per box. Each package contains a treatise on causes of piles, together with testimonials from every section of this country.

### SEVERE CRITICISM

Of Methods Employed in Treatment of Returning Sick Soldiers.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., Nov. 4.—The Examiner says that the most sensational report of a military board of inquiry over sent to the War Department from this city has been forwarded to Washington from the headquarters of Major General Shafter.

The document consists of nearly one hundred typewritten pages and contains the severest kind of criticism of the methods employed by officers in charge of the sick soldiers who returned from the Philippines on the transports Tartar and Newport on October 10.

Upon Major Rafter, the Surgeon of the Twentieth Kansas Volunteers, who came back on the Tartar, the heaviest censure is laid. Many other officers are given a hard measure of criticism, but their names are being withheld until the War Department sees fit to make known the details of the report.

The Board of Inquiry, which has so

severely arraigned the transport service, was appointed by General Shafter two weeks ago at the suggestion of Colonel Alfred C. Girard, chief surgeon in the general hospital at the Presidio. Colonel Girard's desire for an investigation was occasioned by the deplorable condition in which he found the sick men from the transports Tartar and Newport. There were about forty of them and nearly all were suffering from dysentery.

Three men who came on these transports died a few days after arrival. They were John Fabiak and John A. Logan, of the Fourth Cavalry, and George W. Mills, of the Twentieth Kansas.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The report of the Court of Inquiry, referred to in the San Francisco dispatch, has not been received at the War Department, although word has been received that it is on the way.

### Coinage Facts Worth Knowing.

The first financial legislation of Congress under the Constitution was the act of April 2d, 1792, which fixed the weight of the silver dollar at 27 grains and that of the gold dollar at 48 grains; and these weights obtained till the act of June 28th, 1834, reduced the weight of the gold dollar to 25.8 grains 990 fine, leaving the silver dollar unchanged; and these weights again obtained from that time till the act of July 18th, 1837, reduced the weight of the silver dollar to 412.5 grains, leaving the gold dollar unchanged. The weight of the gold dollar has never been changed since that time in weight; but the act of February 12th, 1875 (known as the demonetization act), discontinued the coinage of the silver dollar and authorized the coinage of the trade-dollar of 420 grains of standard silver.

These conditions prevailed from that time to February 28th, 1875, when the Bland-Allison act, restoring the coinage of the standard silver dollar of 412.5 grains under somewhat different conditions, became the law of the land; so that, barring the trade-dollar, the weight of the silver dollar has been 412.5 grains ever since July 18th, 1837, and the weight of the gold dollar has been 25.8 grains ever since the 28th day of June, 1834, but, leaving out the trade-dollar, the amount of the silver in the silver dollar (412.5 grains) has never been changed since it was fixed by the very first financial act of Congress on the subject in 1792; the difference between 415 grains and 412.5 grains was made up of alloy; but the amount of fine gold in the gold dollar has been

### AS IN A MIRROR.

The Caddy-Say, if I had de money wass I'd put a regulation for a set of brain, an' settle in some legitimize biz, instead of runnin' after a golf ball an' gettin' yourself up so as yer own did, couldn't test yer from a wish-bone!

to tell the tale—a will look-while the poor old patriot was hiding some place in the mountains.

Now, when this vault is dry and occupied, some jolly "reba" propose to celebrate and sing a new version to an old song. It will go to the tune of "Marching Through Georgia," and will jingle something like this:

I, Yes, you hungry devils, who were straggling on behind,  
Nosing in our chicken-coops to see what you could find,  
Catching up our roosters, as you fell into the line—  
And went marching to Georgia:  
Hurrah! hurrah!

What fools these mortals be:  
Hurrah! hurrah!  
Why can't the people see,  
That this is not the kind of war for Davis and Lee?

Though you went marching through Georgia,  
Many homes are built again beneath the Southern sky.  
The fields are full of cotton and the meadows full of rye;  
Many good old masters are living just as high—  
As "befo' de warr" in Georgia.  
Hurrah! hurrah! we raise the rebel shout:  
Hurrah! hurrah! to keep the Yankees out—  
And yet we have forgiven them for all the bloody bout,  
(Since they went marching through Georgia!)  
(Slow Time.)

Though the graves of soldier boys blossom white as snow  
Every decoration day—and mem'ry's tears will flow  
For the sacrifice blood-shed so free we know—  
Was not shed in vain for Georgia!  
Long shall wave the stars and stripes, glorious and free,  
Over faithful Union men, Roosevelt and Fitz Lee!

Though it shock the silken folds o'er Sherman by the sea  
When he went marching through Georgia,  
Hurrah, &c.

**THE STATE ELECTION TUESDAY.**  
No Doubt of a Sweeping Democratic Victory—Richmond Voting Places.

With a very few exceptions, next Tuesday's election returns from the various counties and districts in the State will be watched with but little interest. It is a foregone conclusion that in the great majority of places where there is opposition the regular Democratic candidates will be elected. Where there is no opposing candidate the casting of the vote is a mere matter of form. The result all over the State will be a decisive and emphatic victory for the regularly nominated Democratic candidates.

In this city there is believed to be no doubt whatever of the result. The Democratic nominees of the Democratic Party House nominees of the Democratic Party will win. On the other hand, there is only one opposition candidate, the vote here is nearly everywhere else in the State, with the comparatively light, the vote in Richmond will perhaps approximate 3,500.

As a guide to the voters, the following list of all the voting places in the correct list of all the voting places in the city is furnished:

Clay Ward—First precinct, 124 west Main street; Second precinct, 700 west Broad street; Third precinct, 125 west Broad street; Fourth precinct, 421 south Pine street; Fifth precinct, corner Reservoir and Cary streets.

Jefferson Ward—First precinct, 14 north Fourteenth street; Second precinct, 614 north Fourteenth street; Third precinct, 238 east Main street; Fourth precinct, 306 north Twenty-first street.

Madison Ward—First precinct, Powhatan Club, 310 north Eighth street; Second precinct, 350 north Eighth street; Third precinct, 114 north Seventh street; Fourth precinct, 101 south Seventh street.

Monroe Ward—First precinct, 4 south First street; Second precinct, 212 north Broad street; Third precinct, 367 north Third street; Fourth precinct, 265 east Canal street.

Marshall Ward—First precinct, 3216 Lester street; Second precinct, Corner

# DANISH HOME INSTITUTION,

(One of America's Great Philanthropic Enterprises.)

## Reports That Pe-ru-na, the Great Catarrh Remedy, Works Wonders—Secretary's Letter.



Mrs. Anne Nelson, Secretary Danish Old People's Home Association.  
Mrs. Anne Nelson, Financial Secretary of the Danish Old People's Home Association, 699 West North Avenue, Chicago, Ill., recommends Pe-ru-na very highly. The following is a recent letter from her in which she gives her opinion of Pe-ru-na as a specific for catarrh of the stomach and general debility:

Chicago, Ill.,  
699 West North Avenue.  
Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:  
Gentlemen—I am very pleased to acknowledge the very valuable curative merits of Pe-ru-na especially in cases of stomach trouble and general debility. It restores lost strength and builds up the entire system to its normal condition. I have had good opportunity to test its value and speak from personal experience. Several of my friends have also used it and I have so far found that they were all well pleased with the effects of Pe-ru-na. I can conscientiously recommend it as a first-class medicine. Yours very truly,

MRS. ANNE NELSON.  
Mrs. Matthew Schmidt, Jordan, Oregon, writes: "I have not taken Pe-ru-na for quite a while and am feeling real well. There is almost no trace left of the catarrh. I thank you a thousand times for the good advice you have given me, and in case I have a return of the

trouble I shall write you. I advised one of my neighbors to take Pe-ru-na, who also improved."

MRS. MATTHEW SCHMIDT.  
Mrs. D. Finlay, Petoskey, Mich., says: "I never was better in my life than I am

now. Pe-ru-na has cured me of all my stomach and bowel trouble. I was fifty-seven years old last Friday and don't feel as if I could be more than twenty. Oh, what a pleasure it is to have good health. I was sick for five long years. I doctor-ed all the time. Nothing helped me permanently until I heard of Dr. Hartman and his medicine, and he cured me. I had been so sick, suffered a most death, vomiting three or four times daily; no strength, not able to walk, and now for one year and a half I have been a well woman. People are surprised to see me so well. I tell them that Dr. Hartman cured me with Pe-ru-na. My husband is eighty-two years old. He takes Pe-ru-na every day and says: 'Dr. Hartman and Pe-ru-na are worth all the world to me.' There are three or four people here taking Pe-ru-na for rheumatism, trouble, and like it so much. There are a great many here that use it altogether. I wish every poor soul would try his medicine."

Mrs. J. A. Bashor, of Knoxville, Tenn., writes: "It gives me much pleasure to recommend to the public such a valuable remedy as Pe-ru-na. My health was completely broken down, and has been for almost a year. I could not rest day or night, but suffered untold misery. I tried remedy after remedy but found no relief until Pe-ru-na was recommended to me by a friend. I have taken one and one-half bottles and am today well and hearty. I shall always praise Pe-ru-na for I feel it saved my life. My family has received such benefits from the use of Pe-ru-na that we consider it the best medicine on earth, and we are seldom without it in the house."

Good blood is the result of good food, well digested. Bad food, even though it be well digested, can not make good blood. Good food must be well digested to make good blood. Therefore, diseased nerves are traceable directly to poor digestion, and poor digestion is directly traceable to catarrh. With the slightest catarrh of the stomach no one can have good digestion.

Very few of the many women who have catarrh of the stomach suspect what their real trouble is. They know they belch after meals, have sour stomach, a sensation of weight or heaviness, a fullness, irregular appetite, drowsiness, gnawing, empty sensations, occasional pain, they all know this; but they do not know that their trouble is catarrh of the stomach. If they did they would take Pe-ru-na.

Pe-ru-na cures catarrh wherever located. As soon as Pe-ru-na removes catarrh from the stomach the digestion becomes good, appetite regular, nerves strong, and trouble vanishes. Pe-ru-na strengthens weak nerves, not by temporarily stimulating them, but by removing the cause of weak nerves—poor digestion. This is the only cure that lasts. Removes the cause; Nature will do the rest. Pe-ru-na removes the cause. "Health and Beauty" sent free by The Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

Miss Harrison to Sing.  
As an offering solo to-day at Park-Place M. E. church, Miss Marie Harrison, of Alabama, will sing a selection from the Oratorio of St. Paul. Miss Harrison is in Richmond to attend the unveiling of the Winnie Davis monument. She has been studying in Europe for the past two years.

**DEATHS.**  
BURKE—Died, at Virginia Hospital, Friday, November 3d, at 8:30 P. M., LIZZIE B. BURKE, wife of James J. Burke.  
Funeral SUNDAY AFTERNOON at 3 P. M. from St. Peter's Cathedral. Friends invited.  
Interment in Calvary Cemetery.

CLARY—Died, at his residence, No. 638 north Seventh street, November 4, 1899, at 4:30 P. M., ROBERT W. CLARY, in the fifty-fourth year of his age.  
Funeral notice later.  
Petersburg papers please copy.

GENTRY—Died, at 12 o'clock noon, yesterday, at the residence of his mother, 211 east Clay street, JAMES T. GENTRY.  
Funeral notice later.

GODDIN—Entered into rest on Friday, November 4, 1899, Mrs. ELIZA P. GODDIN, relict of the late Dr. William Goddin, in the eighty-third year of her age.  
The funeral will take place from the residence of her son, John T. Goddin, 67 west Grace street, on MONDAY, November 6th, at 11 A. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

GRINNAN—Died at the Old Dominion Hospital, in his eighty-first year, Friday, November 2, 1899, ELIZABETH COALTER GRINNAN, eldest daughter of Dr. Andrew Glassell and Georgia Brinnan.  
The funeral services will be held at Laburnum, the residence of her uncle, Mr. Joseph Bryan, SUNDAY EVENING at half past 5 o'clock. Interment in Hollywood.

**GEN. LEE WILL NOT RETURN.**  
Probably Go Back to Cuba Without Seeing Us Again.  
The fleeing visit General Lee made to Richmond on launching day last week will probably prove to be his only appearance here on his present trip from Cuba. He is now at Washington. Mrs. Lee is at Alexandria, but will visit her daughter here next week. Mrs. Lee and Miss Ellen, who was here yesterday, will accompany the General when he returns to Cuba.

It had been the understanding here that General Lee would pay another visit to Richmond before returning to his post. A great many of his friends will be disappointed should he not favor the city with another call before he leaves.

**Several Accidents.**  
Mr. C. E. Cole was cut over the eye by some freight falling on him at the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac freight depot, corner of Broad and Hancock streets, yesterday about 2:40 P. M. He was treated by Dr. Goode, of the ambulance.

Mr. Brauer, an old white man, was run over by a wagon yesterday about 5 o'clock near the corner of Second and

**MORE EXCITING THAN THE YACHT RACE.**  
An exciting swimming match is proposed.